Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2023

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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Board of Directors Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplemental Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information

Management is responsible for the continuing disclosure annual financial information included in our report. The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the continuing disclosure annual financial information, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the continuing disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the continuing disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or the continuing disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the continuing disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Wippei LLP

Denver, Colorado September 23, 2024

# BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

ACCETC	<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property taxes receivable	\$ 794,527 7,382 1,777 444,772	\$	4,861,613 8,077 2,094,027	\$	- 26,431,731 - -	\$	794,527 31,300,726 9,854 2,538,799	\$ - - -	\$ 794,527 31,300,726 9,854 2,538,799
Total Assets	\$ 1,248,458	\$	6,963,717	\$	26,431,731	\$	34,643,906		34,643,906
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to Aurora Crossroads Metro District No. 1 Regional mill levy payable Accrued interest Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total Liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 50,000 639,010 102,304 - - - - 791,314	\$ 	- - - - -	\$	57,500 1,505,369 - - - - 1,562,869	\$	107,500 2,144,379 102,304 - - 2,354,183	112,188 95,000 60,176,884 60,384,072	107,500 2,144,379 102,304 112,188 95,000 60,176,884 62,738,255
Deferred property taxes  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	444,772 444,772		2,094,027 2,094,027				2,538,799 2,538,799		2,538,799 2,538,799
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION Restricted: Emergencies Debt service Capital projects Unassigned	7,382 - - 4,990		- 4,869,690 - -		- - 24,868,862 -	_	7,382 4,869,690 24,868,862 4,990	(7,382) (4,869,690) (24,868,862) (4,990)	
Total Fund Balances  Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	12,372 \$ 1,248,458	<u>\$</u>	4,869,690 6,963,717	<u>\$</u>	24,868,862 26,431,731	<u>\$</u>	29,750,924 34,643,906	(29,750,924)	
Net Position: Restricted for: Emergencies Debt service Capital projects Unrestricted Total Net Position								7,382 4,757,502 24,868,862 (60,266,894) \$ (30,633,148)	7,382 4,757,502 24,868,862 (60,266,894) \$ (30,633,148)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ${\bf GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES									
Legal	\$ 50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Treasurer's fees	5,711		28,554		-		34,265	-	34,265
Treasurer's fees ARI	571		-		-		571	-	571
Transfers to Aurora Crossroads Metro District No. 1	399,966		-		5,847,798		6,247,764	-	6,247,764
Aurora regional improvements	39,996		-		-		39,996	-	39,996
Bond interest expense	-		3,452,649		-		3,452,649	(458,155)	2,994,494
Bond issuance costs	-		-		827,346		827,346	-	827,346
Trustee fees	 		7,000	_		_	7,000		7,000
Total Expenditures	 496,244	_	3,488,203	_	6,675,144	_	10,659,591	(458,155)	10,201,436
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property taxes	380,725		1,903,628		-		2,284,353	-	2,284,353
Specific ownership taxes	24,951		124,735		-		149,686	-	149,686
Property taxes ARI	38,073		-		-		38,073	-	38,073
Specific ownership taxes ARI	2,495		-		-		2,495	-	2,495
Interest income	 51,199		343,955		877,263	_	1,272,417		1,272,417
Total General Revenues	 497,443		2,372,318		877,263		3,747,024		3,747,024
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES	1,199		(1,115,885)		(5,797,881)		(6,912,567)	458,155	(6,454,412)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Bond proceeds- 2023C	_		_		13,306,000		13,306,000	(13,306,000)	-
Bond premium	 <u>-</u>				(1,330,600)	_	(1,330,600)	1,330,600	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 				11,975,400		11,975,400	(11,975,400)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	1,199		(1,115,885)		6,177,519		5,062,833	(5,062,833)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								(6,454,412)	(6,454,412)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:									
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 11,173	_	5,985,575	_	18,691,343	_	24,688,091	(48,866,827)	(24,178,736)
END OF YEAR	\$ 12,372	\$	4,869,690	\$	24,868,862	\$	29,750,924	\$ (60,384,072)	\$ (30,633,148)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance avorable favorable)
	\$	380,725	\$	380,725	\$	380,725	\$	
Property taxes Specific ownership taxes	Ф	22,844	Ф	22,844	Ф	24,951	Ф	2,107
•		-		•		•		2,107
Property taxes ARI		38,073		38,073		38,073		-
Specific ownership taxes ARI		2,284		2,284		2,495		211
Interest income		4,041		60,000		51,199		(8,801)
Total Revenues		447,967		503,926		497,443		(6,483)
EXPENDITURES								
Legal		_		50,000		50,000		_
Treasurer's fees		5,711		5,711		5,711		_
Treasurer's fees ARI		571		571		571		_
Transfers to Aurora Crossroads Metro District No. 1		200,000		400,000		399,966		34
Aurora regional improvements		39,786		39,786		39,996		(210)
Contingency		194,517		-		-		-
Emergency reserve		7,382		7,382				7,382
Total Expenditures		447,967		503,450		496,244		7,206
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		476		1,199		723
FUND BALANCE:								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		_		_		11,173		11,173
END OF YEAR	\$		\$	476	\$	12,372	\$	11,896

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 2, located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

#### **Definition of Reporting Entity**

Pursuant to the Special District Act, the District was organized on May 27, 2008, as a quasimunicipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. The District's original service plan was approved on February 1, 2008 and governed the District, and Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 3. This original service plan was amended and restated in 2020. In 2022, Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 3 bifurcated from the service plan and changed its name to Crossroads East Metropolitan District. Then, in 2023, Aspen Business Park Metropolitan District, the District, Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District No. 1, and Crossroads East Metropolitan District amended and restated to consolidate under a single service plan. The District's primary source of revenue is property taxes and specific ownership taxes.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements, which provides guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

The District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The Capital Projects Fund was amended primarily due to Bond issuance cost and the anticipated increase in the transfers to District No. 1 for capital project expenditures over the amount budgeted. The Debt Service Fund was amended due to additional funds available to pay interest.

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2023, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Original Issue Discount

Original issue premium from the Series 2020 Bonds are being amortized over the term of the bonds using the interest method. Accumulated amortization of original issue premium amounted to \$55,931 at December 31, 2023 (See Note 3).

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2023.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$7,382 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$4,869,690 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Series 2020A and 2020B (see Note 3).

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$24,868,862 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

#### Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

#### **Net Position**

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2023. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the payment of debt issued for public improvements that were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2023, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$	794,527
Cash and investments - Restricted	<u>3</u>	1,300,726
Total	\$ <u>3</u>	2,095,253

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Investments - COLOTRUST	\$ 32,095,253
	\$ 32,095,253

#### Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Investments

#### Credit Risk

The District has elected to follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

#### Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Investment Valuation**

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method ("NAV") per share.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investment:

#### **COLOTRUST**

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2023, the District had \$32,095,253 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

#### Note 3: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

#### \$13,306,000 Subordinate General Obligation Bond, Series 2023C

On December 28, 2023, the District issued \$13,306,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023, ("2023C Bonds"), for the purposes of: (a) paying or reimbursing Project Costs; and (b) paying the costs of issuing the Bonds. The 2023C Bonds bear interest at the rate of 8%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2024, and mature on December 1, 2053. The Bonds are limited tax general obligations payable solely from and to the extent of the Second Subordinate Pledged Revenue, comprised of moneys derived from: (i) the Second Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Second Subordinate Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to apply as Second Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The 2023C Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds, meaning the 2023C Subordinate Indenture contains no scheduled payments of principal other than maturity. Therefore, no debt service schedule is available.

#### \$26,925,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A

On September 10, 2020, the District issued \$26,925,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A, ("2020A Bonds"), for the purpose of (i) financing public improvements, including, but not limited to, streets, water system improvements, and sanitary sewer improvements; (ii) fund capitalized interest; (iii) fund the Senior Reserve Fund; and (iv) pay the costs of issuance of the 2020A Bonds and 2020B Bonds. The 2020A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2020, and mature on December 1, 2050. The 2020A Bonds are secured by and payable from Senior Pledged Revenues including the Senior Required Mill Levy, the portion of Specific Ownership Tax related to the Senior Required Mill Levy, the PILOT revenues, and any other moneys determined by the District. The 2020A Bonds are further secured by amounts deposited into the Capitalized Interest Fund of \$3,668,531, the Senior Reserve Fund of \$2,104,000, and the Senior Surplus Fund which is required to be funded with excess Senior Pledged Revenue, if any, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$2,692,500. At December 31, 2023, the balances of the Capitalized Interest Fund, Senior Reserve Fund and the Senior Surplus Fund are \$79,934, \$2,108,819 and \$2,698,869, respectively. Any amount of unpaid principal or interest on the 2020A Bonds shall be deemed discharged on December 2, 2060.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### \$18,075,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020B

On September 10, 2020, the District issued \$18,075,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020B, ("2020B Bonds"), for the purpose of financing public improvements. The 2020B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.750%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 1, 2020, and mature on December 15, 2050. The 2020B Bonds are secured by and payable from Subordinate Pledged Revenues including the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the portion of Specific Ownership Tax related to the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the Subordinate PILOT revenues, and all amounts in the Senior Surplus Fund released after payment in full of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the 2020A Bonds. Any amount of unpaid principal or interest on the 2020B Bonds shall be deemed discharged on December 16, 2060.

The 2020B Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds, meaning the 2020B Subordinate Indenture contains no scheduled payments of principal other than maturity. Therefore, no debt service schedule is available.

The 2020A Bonds and 2020B Bonds are subject to early redemption at the option of the District commencing September 1, 2025, with a redemption premium equal to the principal amount so redeemed, as follows.

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
September 1, 2025, to August 31, 2026	3.00%
September 1, 2026, to August 31, 2027	2.00
September 1, 2027, to August 31, 2028	1.00
September 1, 2028, and thereafter	0.00

Events of Default as defined in the Limited Offering Memorandum are 1) the failure of the District to impose the Required Mill levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Indenture, 2) the default by the District in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements, or conditions of the Indenture or the Bond Resolution, and failure to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to the Indenture, and 3) the filing of a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable laws seeking to adjust the obligations represented by the Bonds. Failure to pay the principal of or interest on the Series 2020A Bonds or 2020B Bonds when due shall not, of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. Remedies available in the Event of Default include 1) receivership, 2) suit for judgment, and 3) other suits. Acceleration of the Series 2020A Bonds or 2020B Bonds is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements of the 2020A Bonds.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 95,000	\$ 1,346,250	\$ 1,441,250
2025	200,000	1,341,500	1,541,500
2026	255,000	1,331,500	1,586,500
2027	370,000	1,318,750	1,688,750
2028	425,000	1,300,250	1,725,250
2029-2033	2,670,000	6,149,250	8,819,250
2034-2038	3,930,000	5,362,750	9,292,750
2039-2043	5,515,000	4,229,750	9,744,750
2044-2048	7,610,000	2,652,500	10,262,500
2049-2050	5,855,000	495,000	6,350,000
	\$26,925,000	\$ 25,527,500	\$ 52,452,500

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	(	Current
	1/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2023		ortion
General Obligation Bonds						
G.O. Bonds 2020A	\$ 26,925,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,925,000	\$	95,000
G.O. Bonds 2020B - Principal	18,075,000	-	-	18,075,000		-
G.O. Bonds 2020B - Interest	3,408,515	1,659,613	2,106,339	2,961,789		-
Series 2023 C Bonds	-	13,306,000	-	13,306,000		-
Series 2023 C Bonds Interest	-	5,914	-	5,914		-
Original issue premium	346,124	-	17,343	328,781		-
Original issue discount		(1,330,600)		(1,330,600)		_
	\$ 48,754,639	\$ 13,640,927	\$ 2,123,682	\$ 60,271,884	\$	95,000

#### **Debt Authorization**

As of December 31, 2023, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$2,885,000,000. Per the District's Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan, the Districts cannot issue debt in excess of \$161,500,000.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Note 4: Other Agreements

#### Intergovernmental Agreement

On October 17, 2008, the District and District Nos.1 and 3 entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Aurora ("City") which imposes certain restrictions and contractual provisions upon the Districts which are consistent with the Service Plan. Only July 20, 2020, the Districts entered into an amended and restated Intergovernmental Agreement with the City as required by the Service Plan. On May 22, 2023, the Districts entered into another Amended and Restated IGA with the City as required by the Service Plan to remove District No. 3 as a party. On November 13, 2023, the City approved the Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan for Aspen Business Park Metropolitan District, Aurora Crossroads Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2, and Crossroads East Metropolitan District, which is now the governing service plan for the district.

#### **Regional Improvement Authority**

On November 10, 2008 (and as amended in 2012, 2018, and 2019), the Districts, and the City, along with Cornerstar Metropolitan District, Eagles Nest Metropolitan District, Iliff Commons Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3, and Murphy Creek Metropolitan District Nos 1, 2, 4, and 5, entered into the Aurora Regional Improvement Authority No. 5 Establishment Agreement ("ARI Agreement"). The ARI Agreement was also amended in 2023 to add Yale MD Nos. 1-3 and Cielo Colorado MD. Pursuant to the ARI Agreement, Aurora Regional Improvement Authority No. 5 ("Regional Authority") was created. The Regional Authority is expected to be funded by its metropolitan district members using the revenues from the ARI Mill Levy for the purpose of planning, designing, installing, or financing certain community improvement projects. To date, the Regional Authority has not funded any improvements or engaged in any other material activities.

#### Funding and Reimbursement Agreements

The District and the Developer entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement dated as of July 1, 2020 ("O&M Agreement"). Pursuant to the O&M Agreement, the Developer agrees to loan the District an amount no to exceed \$200,000 per annum for two years through December 31, 2021, up to \$400,000. Thereafter, the Developer may agree to renew its obligations thereunder on an annual basis. Simple interest shall accrue on this loan at a rate of 6.5% per annum. On September 16, 2021, and again on November 15, 2023, the O&M Agreement was amended to increase the loan amount to \$400,000 and extend the term to December 31, 2025. As of December 31, 2023, no maturity date has been determined and nothing is due to the Developer under this agreement.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Public Improvement Agreements**

On July 1, 2020, the District and the Developer entered into a Public Improvements Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement ("Public Improvements Agreement"). Pursuant to the Public Improvements Agreement, the Developer agrees to finance, construct, and install certain Public Improvements for the benefit of the District, and the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for such costs, with simple interest accruing at 7% per annum. As of December 31, 2023, no amount is due to the Developer under this agreement.

#### **Escrow Agreement**

The District, the Developer, and UMB Bank, n.a. ("Escrow Agent"), entered into an Escrow Agreement prior to the issuance of the Bonds ("Escrow Agreement"). In the Escrow Agreement, the Escrow Agent agrees to establish an account for the purpose of holding a portion of the proceeds of the bonds. Such funds shall be subject to requisition by the District and used to directly fund costs related to the acquisition, construction, and installation of certain public improvements related to the land sold by the Developer to the Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health Systems, Inc. ("SCL Property") on July 23, 2020, within the District and/or reimburse the Developer for costs advanced to acquire, construct, and install such public improvements within the District or benefitting the Project pursuant to the Public Improvements Agreement. The Escrow Agreement shall terminate upon the earlier to occur of (i) all proceeds of the 2020A and 2020B Bonds are released from the Escrow Account to pay eligible costs connected with the SCL Property public improvements; (ii) the date on which all of the eligible costs with respect to such public improvements with bond proceeds deposited with the Escrow Account have so been financed, or (iii) three years from the date of issuance of the Bonds.

### JPMorgan Public Improvements Agreement

As of the date the 2020A and 2020B Bonds were issued, the District and JPMorgan Chase Bank & Co. ("JPMorgan") have agreed to the JPMorgan Public Improvements Agreement ("JPM Agreement"). Pursuant to the JPM Agreement, JPMorgan agrees to finance, construct, and install certain Public Improvements for the benefit of the District, and the District agrees to reimburse JPMorgan for such costs, with interest, in an amount of up to \$7,100,000. JPMorgan has represented that \$3,300,000 has already been spent and expects to spend an additional \$4,850,000. As of December 31, 2023, these amounts have not been certified or paid to JPMorgan. The District accepted \$1,221,093 in eligible reimbursement costs on June 13, 2023. On November 29, 2023, the District and JPMC entered into a Public Improvements Agreement to replace and supersede in its entirety the 2020 Public Improvements Agreement. The District has agreed to reimburse up to \$5,878,907 to JPMC in Certified District Eligible Costs from the 2020 Bond Proceeds. Such funds have been escrowed by the District.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### JPMC Escrow Agreement

On November 13, 2023, the District, JPMorgan and UMB Bank entered into an Escrow Agreement to establish an escrow account and dedicate a portion of the Series 2020A and 2020B Project Funds, in an amount not to exceed \$5,878,907, to provide security for the completion of construction of public improvements built in accordance with the 2023 Reimbursement Agreement and ensure reimbursement for Certified Eligible Costs incurred by JP Morgan.

#### **QTS Public Improvements Agreement**

In April 2021, the District, Aurora Crossroads LLC ("AC"), and QTS Aurora LLC ("QTS") entered into a Public Improvements Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement ("QTS Agreement"). Pursuant to the QTS Agreement, QTS agrees to finance, construct, and install certain Public Improvements for the benefit of the District, and the District agrees to reimburse QTS or AC for such costs. As of December 31, 2023, no amounts have been certified under the QTS Agreement.

#### **District Coordinating Services Agreement**

On October 31, 2019, the Districts entered into a District Coordinating Services Agreement where as District No. 1 agrees to perform administrative services for all three Districts and agrees to own, operate and maintain all Public Improvements within the boundaries of the Districts that are not otherwise conveyed to the City or other public entity. On March 31, 2023, District No. 3 terminated the District Coordinating Services Agreement with District No. 1. The District agrees to pay all costs, fees, charges, and expenses incurred by District No. 1 in providing these services.

#### Note 5: Related Parties

All of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

# Note 6: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

#### Note 7: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

# Note 8: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

1) Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and,
- 2) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	]	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 1,903,628	\$	1,903,628	\$	1,903,628	\$	-
Specific ownership taxes	114,218		130,000		124,735		(5,265)
Interest income	 35,644		350,000	_	343,955		(6,045)
Total Revenues	 2,053,490		2,383,628	_	2,372,318	-	(11,310)
EXPENDITURES							
Bond interest expense	2,677,122		3,475,000		3,452,649		22,351
Trustee fees	6,939		6,939		7,000		(61)
Treasurer's fees	 28,554		28,554		28,554		_
Total Expenditures	 2,712,615	_	3,510,493		3,488,203		22,290
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(659,125)		(1,126,865)		(1,115,885)		10,980
FUND BALANCE:							
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 5,223,112		6,000,000		5,985,575		(14,425)
END OF YEAR	\$ 4,563,987	\$	4,873,135	\$	4,869,690	\$	(3,445)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES	Φ	150,000	Φ	150,000	Φ	977.262	¢.	727.262
Interest income	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	877,263	\$	727,263
Total Revenues		150,000	_	150,000	_	877,263		727,263
EXPENDITURES								
Bond issuance costs		-		1,080,000		827,346		252,654
Transfers to Aurora Crossroads Metro District No. 1		10,000,000	_	28,000,000	_	5,847,798	-	22,152,202
Total Expenditures		10,000,000	_	29,080,000		6,675,144		22,404,856
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		(9,850,000)		(28,930,000)		(5,797,881)		23,132,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond proceeds- 2023C		-		18,000,000		13,306,000		(4,694,000)
Bond premium			_	<u>-</u>		(1,330,600)		(1,330,600)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_	18,000,000		11,975,400		(6,024,600)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(9,850,000)		(10,930,000)		6,177,519		17,107,519
FUND BALANCE:								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		22,468,214		19,550,013		18,691,343		(858,670)
END OF YEAR	\$	12,618,214	\$	8,620,013	\$	24,868,862	\$	16,248,849

# SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2023

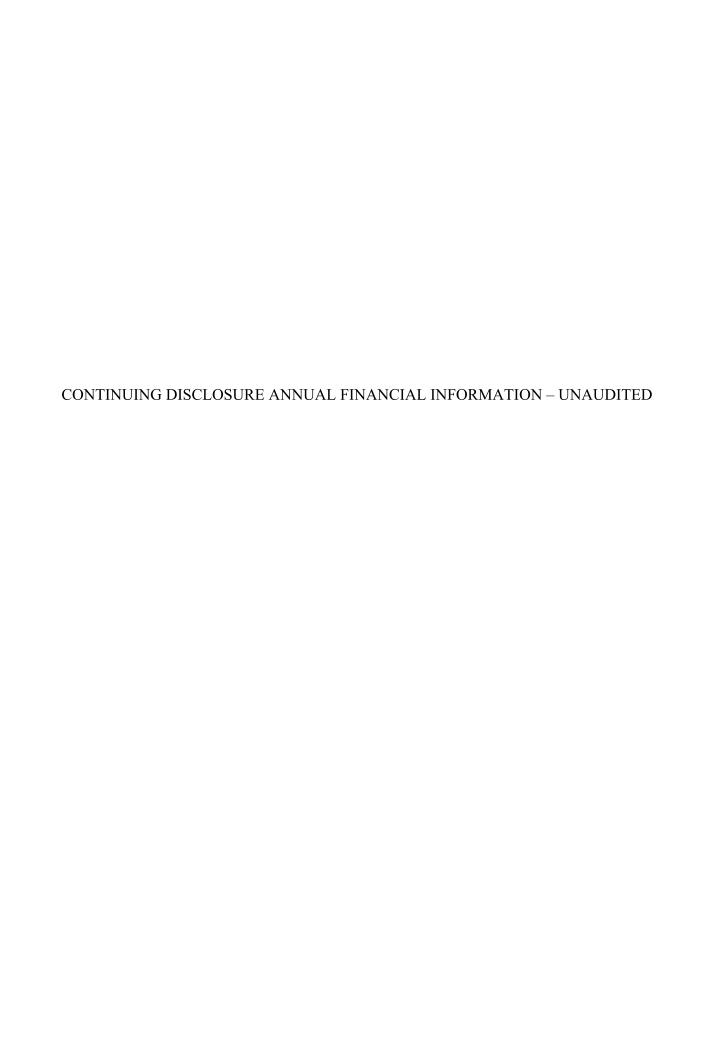
(Unaudited)

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation
for Current

Year Ended		for Current ear Property	Mills I	<b>Levied</b>		Total Prop	erty Tax	Percent Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Debt Service</b>		Levied	Collected	to Levied
2022 2023	\$ \$	42,363,411 38,072,556	11.000 11.000	50.000 50.000	\$ \$	2,584,168 2,322,426	\$2,541,809 \$2,284,353	98.36% 98.36%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2024	\$	40,283,686	11.041	51.982	\$	2,538,799		

#### **NOTE**

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.



#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

#### **History of Assessed Valuations and Mill Levies for the District**

			_	Mill Levies
	Collection	Assessed		
Levy Year	Year	Valuation	Percent Increase	Total
2015	2016	\$ 5,890	0.00%	0.000
2016	2017	6,570	11.54%	0.000
2017	2018	12,134	84.69%	0.000
2018	2019	15,134	24.72%	0.000
2019	2020	2,045,616	13416.69%	0.000
2020	2021	16,989,749	730.54%	61.000
2021	2022	42,363,411	149.35%	61.000
2022	2023	38,072,556	-10.13%	61.000
2023	2024	40,283,686	5.81%	63.023

Source: Arapahoe County Assessor's Office

#### **Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property in the District**

			Percentage of
	202	3 Total Assessed	Total Assessed
Property Class		Valuation	Valuation
Commerical	\$	36,828,383	91.42%
Vacant Land		3,439,110	8.54%
Agricultural		433	0.00%
State Assessed		15,760	0.04%
	\$	40,283,686	100.00%

Source: Arapahoe County Assessor's Office

#### Ten Largest Owners of Taxable Property within the District

		Percentage of
	2023 Assessed	Total Assessed
Taxpayer Name	Valuation	Valuation (1)
JPMorgan Chase Bank	\$ 36,826,831	91.42%
QTS Aurora LLC	3,438,970	8.54%
Public Svc of Colorado	15,360	0.04%
Verdant Commercial Capital LLC	593	0.00%
Brand Industrial Services INC	441	0.00%
Aurora Crossroads LLC	433	0.00%
Lumen Qwest Corp Property Tax	400	0.00%
Aramark Refreshment Services	285	0.00%
CBRE INC	176	0.00%
Electro Rent Corporation	57	0.00%
Total	\$ 40,283,546	100.00%

Source: Arapahoe County Assessor's Office

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

#### Selected Debt Ratios of the District

	Senior Debt (1)	All Debt (2)
Direct Debt of the District	\$ 26,925,000	\$ 45,000,000
2023 District Assessed Valuation	\$ 40,283,686	\$ 40,283,686
Ratio of Direct Debt to 2023 District Certified Assessed Valuation	66.84%	111.71%
2023 District Statutory "Actual "Value 3	144,386,063	144,386,063
Ratio of Direct Debt to 2023 District Statutory "Actual" Value	18.65%	31.17%

- (1) Represents the 2020A Senior Bonds
- (2) Represents the 2020A Senior Bonds and the 2020B Subordinate Bonds
- (4) Provided by Arapahoe County Assessor